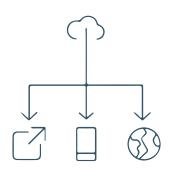


# **BENEFITS OF CLOUD COMPUTING**

## **ELASTICITY**



Users can scale services to fit their needs, customize applications and access cloud services from anywhere with an internet connection.

#### Scalability

Cloud infrastructure scales on demand to support fluctuating workloads.

#### **Ready-Built Tools**

Users can select from a menu of prebuilt tools and features to build a solution that fits their specific needs.

#### **Security Features**

Virtual private cloud, encryption and API keys help keep data secure.

#### **Storage Options**

Users can choose public, private or hybrid storage offerings, depending on security needs and other considerations.

## **EFFICIENCY**



Enterprise users can get applications to market quickly, without worrying about underlying infrastructure costs or maintenance.

#### **Accessibility**

Cloud-based applications and data are accessible from virtually any internet-connected device. their applications to market quickly.

#### **Speed to Market**

Developing in the cloud enables users to get

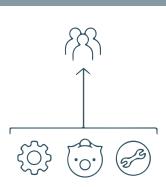
#### **Reduction in Equipment Cost**

Cloud computing uses remote resources, saving organizations the cost of servers and other equipment.

#### **Data Security**

Hardware failures do not result in data loss because of networked backups.

## STRATEGIC VALUE



Cloud services give enterprises a competitive advantage by providing the most innovative technology available.

#### Collaboration

Worldwide access means teams can collaborate from widespread locations.

#### **Modernized Work**

Cloud service providers (CSPs) manage underlying infrastructure, enabling organizations to focus competitors who must devote IT resources to on application development and other priorities.

#### **Regular Updates**

Service providers regularly update offerings to give users the most up-to-date technology.

#### **Competitive Edge**

Organizations can move more nimbly than managing infrastructure.

